



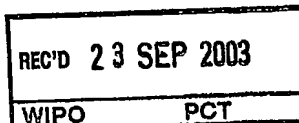
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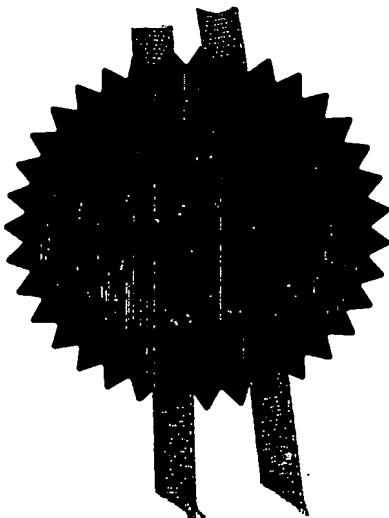


I, the undersigned, being an officer duly authorised in accordance with Section 74(1) and (4) of the Deregulation & Contracting Out Act 1994, to sign and issue certificates on behalf of the Comptroller-General, hereby certify that annexed hereto is a true copy of the documents as originally filed in connection with the patent application identified therein.

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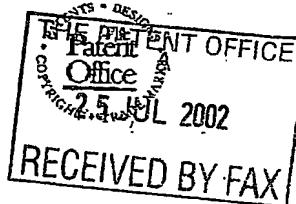
Signed *AmBrewer*

Dated 3 September 2003

An Executive Agency of the Department of Trade and Industry

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Patents Act 1977
(Rule 16)25JUL02 E736099-1 010002
P01/7700 0100-0217274.0

Request for grant of a patent

(See the notes on the back of this form. You can also get an explanatory leaflet from the Patent Office to help you fill in this form)

The Patent Office

Cardiff Road
Newport
South Wales
NP10 8QQ

1. Your reference

bor.2411.uk.dkf

2. Patent application number

(The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0217274.0

25 JUL 2002

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Boreas Consultants Limited
3 Bon Accord Square
Aberdeen
AB11 6DJ

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

United Kingdom

4. Title of the invention

Pipe liner connector

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

Kennedys Patent Agency Limited
Queen's House, Floor 5
19-29 St Vincent Place
Glasgow
G1 2DT

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and (if you know it) the or each application number

Country

Priority application number
(if you know it)Date of filing
(day / month / year)

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application

Date of filing
(day / month / year)

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request? (Answer 'Yes' if

- a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
- b) there is an inventor who is not named as an applicant, or
- c) any named applicant is a corporate body.

See note (d))

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9. Enter the number of sheets for any of the following items you are filing with this form. Do not count copies of the same document

Continuation sheets of this form

Description

7 ✓

Claim(s)

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Abstract

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Drawing(s)

1 only *Am*

10. If you are also filing any of the following, state how many against each item.

Priority documents

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Translations of priority documents

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Statement of inventorship and right to grant of a patent (Patents Form 7/77)

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Request for preliminary examination and search (Patents Form 9/77)

--

Request for substantive examination (Patents Form 10/77)

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Any other documents (please specify)

--

11.

I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature

KENNEDYS

Date

25 July 2002

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom

David Fulton/Neil McKechnie
0141 226 6826**Warning**

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Notes

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- If you have answered 'Yes' Patents Form 7/77 will need to be filed.
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1

1 Pipe Liner Connector

2

3 The present invention relates to apparatus for the
4 connection of pipe liners. In particular, the apparatus
5 provides a connector suitable for use with a liner
6 employed in a vented oil and gas pipeline.

7

8 It is known to those skilled in the art that pipelines
9 employed for oil and gas production and within the
10 associated refining and transportation industries can
11 have their lifetimes significantly increased by employing
12 a liner. The liner is incorporated within the pipeline
13 so as to reduce the detrimental effects of corrosion.
14 Such liners are intended to isolate the bulk fluids from
15 the pipe wall but are not intended to be completely
16 impermeable to gases.

17

18 The primary restriction on the use of such liners is
19 liner collapse due to pressure build up of gases in the
20 micro-annulus between the liner and the parent pipe. If
21 the differential pressure between the micro-annulus and
22 the flowline become sufficient, the liner may collapse
23 resulting in damage to the liner. In PCT Application WO

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1 02/33298 the authors themselves teach of a vented liner
2 that permits gas to flow from the micro-annulus into the
3 centre of the pipeline assembly so as to reduce the
4 effects of pressure build up. Construction of the
5 pipeline entails the welding together of steel pipe
6 sections to form a required length of pipe. Once the
7 welding is complete the pipe is cleaned internally before
8 the plastic liner is inserted. Normally this is achieved
9 by employing a technique that results in a close fit
10 between the liner and the steel pipe, for example
11 swagelining.

12
13 As with any such pipeline specific consideration must be
14 given to the physical engineering and installation of the
15 pipeline with actual operational conditions. It is often
16 problematic to pass a length of liner through a
17 significant number of pipe sections. Therefore it makes
18 practical sense to have a liner section associated with
19 each pipe section, the liner being connected together
20 when the pipe sections are welded.

21
22 US Patent 5,566,984 teaches of a cylindrical corrosion
23 barrier for connecting pipe sections that comprise
24 associated liner sections. Such cylindrical corrosion
25 barriers are employed to provide a liquid tight seal at
26 the interface of the pipe sections therefore restricting
27 the flow of fluid across the pipe section interface.
28 However, these cylindrical corrosion barriers are wholly
29 unsuited to be used in conjunction with sections of a
30 vented liner as these would provide a seat for pressure
31 build up of gases and therefore increase the risk of
32 liner collapse.

33

3

1 It is an object of the present of at least one aspect of
2 the present invention to provide a pipe liner connector
3 suitable for connecting vented liner sections that are
4 employed to protect a pipeline from the effects of
5 corrosion.

6
7 According to a first aspect of the present invention
8 there is provided a pipe liner connector for use with a
9 pipe having an internal vented liner, the pipe liner
10 connector comprising a substantially cylindrical sleeve
11 having opposed first and second open ends, wherein the
12 first open end comprises a first diametrically increased
13 ring section longitudinally displaced from the opening
14 towards the second open end, said ring section having one
15 or more venting grooves located on the outer surface
16 thereof and extending longitudinally thereon.

17
18 Preferably the first open end further includes a first
19 seal located between the first opening and the first ring
20 section and having a diameter intermediate of the
21 cylindrical sleeve and the first ring section.

22
23 Most preferably when the pipe line connector is used with
24 a pipe having an internal vented liner the first seal
25 provides a liquid tight connection with the internal
26 surface of the vented liner while the first raised ring
27 engages with the internal surface of the pipe.

28
29 Optionally a second diametrically increased ring section,
30 substantially similar to the first ring section, is
31 provided adjacent to the second open end of the
32 cylindrical sleeve.

33

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1 Preferably the second open end further includes a second
2 seal substantially similar to the first seal.

3
4 Preferably the pipe liner connector further comprises a
5 shielding ring located between the first and second ring
6 sections.

7
8 Most preferably the shielding ring is heat resistant so
9 as to protect the pipe liner connector from welding or a
10 similar heat inducing processes.

11
12 Example embodiments of the present invention will now be
13 described with reference to the following figures:

14
15 Figure 1 shows a cross section of a pipe liner
16 connector, in situ with two pipe sections, in
17 accordance with an aspect of the present invention.

18
19 Referring to Figure 1 a cross section of a pipe liner
20 connector 1 is presented in conjunction with two pipe
21 sections 2. Each pipe section 2 comprises a vented liner
22 3 that terminates with a cylindrical recess 4, of a
23 greater internal diameter than that of the vented liner 3
24 itself. The cylindrical recesses 4 provide a means for
25 locating the pipe liner connector 1 between two pipe
26 sections 2, thereafter being fixed in position by the
27 employment of locking rings 5.

28
29 The pipe liner connector 1 comprises a sleeve 6 that is
30 generally in the form of a cylindrical tube having
31 opposed open ends 7 and 8. The outer surface of the
32 sleeve 6 has a diameter that is slightly less than the
33 minimum inner diameter tolerance of the cylindrical

1 recesses 4 therefore allowing adjacent ends 7 and 8 of
2 the pipe liner connector 1 to be inserted into the vented
3 liners 3.

4

5 Starting at either end 7 or 8 of the pipe liner
6 connector 1, and working towards the centre, the outer
7 surface of the sleeve 6 can be seen to comprise a number
8 of elements. Initially there is found a groove 9
9 suitable for locating a sealing ring 10.

10

11 The second element is a raised ring section 11. The
12 raised ring section 11 has an outer diameter that is
13 slightly less than the minimum inner diameter tolerance
14 of the pipe section 2 but has a diameter greater than the
15 maximum inner diameter of the cylindrical recess 4.
16 Therefore, when the pipe liner connector 1 is inserted
17 into the pipe section 2 the raised ring section 11 abuts
18 against the end of the vented liner 3 so preventing the
19 pipe liner connector 1 from accidentally passing into the
20 pipe section 2. In order to prevent a build up of
21 pressure within the micro-annulus between the pipe
22 section 2 and the raised ring section 11 a number of
23 venting grooves 12 are formed longitudinally across the
24 outer surface of the raised ring section 11. In this
25 particular embodiment the venting grooves 12 have a
26 rectangular cross section however a triangular, circular
27 or other suitably shaped cross section may readily be
28 employed. Therefore, since any by-products in the micro
29 annulus are free to continue across the length of the
30 pipe liner connector 1 and onto the vents (not shown)
31 located in the vented liner 3, the risk of liner collapse
32 around the pipe liner connector 1 is significantly
33 reduced.

6

1
2 The final element is a central shielding portion 13. The
3 central shielding portion 13 comprises a shielding
4 ring 14. When the pipe liner connector 1 is located with
5 two pipe sections 2 the shielding ring 14 locates
6 directly below the interface of the pipe sections 2.
7 With the shielding ring 14 so located the pipe sections 2
8 may be welded together without the substantial heat
9 generated by the welding process damaging either the pipe
10 liner connector 1 or the vented liner 3.

11
12 A significant advantage of the pipe liner connector
13 described in the present invention is that it provides a
14 means for allowing pipe sections comprising associated
15 vented liners to be welded together without the welding
16 process damaging either the pipe liner connector or the
17 vented liner. Therefore, by employing the pipe liner
18 connector the construction of pipelines for use in oil
19 and gas production or within the associated refining and
20 transportation industries can be made both more efficient
21 and more cost effective.

22
23 The foregoing description of the invention has been
24 presented for purposes of illustration and description
25 and is not intended to be exhaustive or to limit the
26 invention to the precise form disclosed. The described
27 embodiments were chosen and described in order to best
28 explain the principles of the invention and its practical
29 application to thereby enable others skilled in the art
30 to best utilise the invention in various embodiments and
31 with various modifications as are suited to the
32 particular use contemplated. Therefore, further
33 modifications or improvements may be incorporated without

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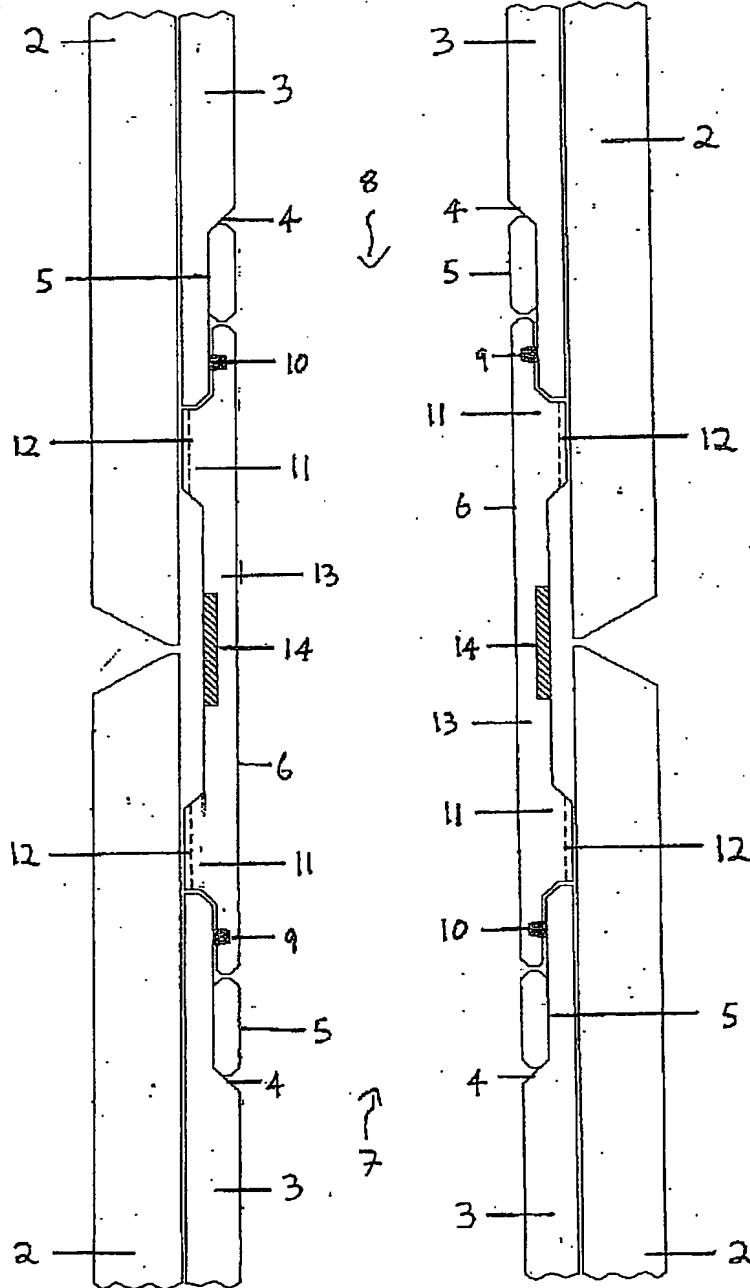
- 1 departing from the scope of the invention herein
- 2 intended.

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INFORMAL

FIGURE 1